## WEBVTT

 $00:00:00.000 \dashrightarrow 00:00:03.144$  Funding for Yale Cancer Answers is

NOTE Confidence: 0.799296541818182

 $00{:}00{:}03{.}144 \dashrightarrow 00{:}00{:}06{.}120$  provided by Smilow Cancer Hospital.

NOTE Confidence: 0.799296541818182

 $00{:}00{:}06{.}120 \dashrightarrow 00{:}00{:}08{.}285$  Welcome to Yale Cancer Answers

NOTE Confidence: 0.799296541818182

 $00:00:08.285 \rightarrow 00:00:10.017$  with Doctor Anees Chappar.

NOTE Confidence: 0.799296541818182

 $00{:}00{:}10{.}020 \dashrightarrow 00{:}00{:}12{.}135$  Yale Cancer Answers features the latest

NOTE Confidence: 0.799296541818182

 $00{:}00{:}12.135 \dashrightarrow 00{:}00{:}14.282$  information on cancer care by welcoming

NOTE Confidence: 0.799296541818182

 $00:00:14.282 \rightarrow 00:00:16.746$  on cologists and specialists who are on the

NOTE Confidence: 0.799296541818182

 $00:00:16.746 \longrightarrow 00:00:18.979$  forefront of the battle to fight cancer.

NOTE Confidence: 0.799296541818182

 $00{:}00{:}18{.}980 \dashrightarrow 00{:}00{:}21{.}458$  This week it's a conversation about prostate

NOTE Confidence: 0.799296541818182

 $00:00:21.458 \rightarrow 00:00:23.539$  cancer with Doctor Preston Sprenkle.

NOTE Confidence: 0.799296541818182

 $00:00:23.540 \longrightarrow 00:00:25.752$  Dr Sprenkle is an associate professor of

NOTE Confidence: 0.799296541818182

00:00:25.752 --> 00:00:28.140 urology at the Yale School of Medicine,

NOTE Confidence: 0.799296541818182

00:00:28.140 --> 00:00:29.905 where Doctor Chagpar is a

NOTE Confidence: 0.799296541818182

 $00{:}00{:}29{.}905 \dashrightarrow 00{:}00{:}31{.}317$  professor of surgical on cology.

NOTE Confidence: 0.901951585217391

00:00:32.970 - > 00:00:34.636 Preston, maybe we can start off

00:00:34.636 --> 00:00:36.567 by you telling us a little bit more

NOTE Confidence: 0.901951585217391

 $00:00:36.567 \rightarrow 00:00:38.279$  about yourself and what it is you do.

NOTE Confidence: 0.83478667875

00:00:38.570 --> 00:00:40.520 I'm a urologic

NOTE Confidence: 0.83478667875

 $00:00:40.520 \longrightarrow 00:00:41.690$  oncologist by training.

NOTE Confidence: 0.83478667875

00:00:41.690 $\operatorname{-->}$ 00:00:44.546 So that means that I have done a

NOTE Confidence: 0.83478667875

 $00{:}00{:}44.550 \dashrightarrow 00{:}00{:}46.938$  urologic surgery residency and

NOTE Confidence: 0.83478667875

 $00:00:46.938 \longrightarrow 00:00:49.326$  then an oncology fellowship.

NOTE Confidence: 0.83478667875

 $00:00:49.330 \longrightarrow 00:00:52.438$  So I primarily take care of men

NOTE Confidence: 0.83478667875

 $00{:}00{:}52.438 \dashrightarrow 00{:}00{:}55.510$  and women with urologic cancers.

NOTE Confidence: 0.83478667875

00:00:55.510 --> 00:00:58.030 My practice now primarily deals

NOTE Confidence: 0.83478667875

 $00{:}00{:}58{.}030 \dashrightarrow 00{:}01{:}00{.}550$  with men with prostate cancer

NOTE Confidence: 0.83478667875

 $00:01:00.637 \rightarrow 00:01:02.869$  and also testicular cancer.

NOTE Confidence: 0.947239478

00:01:03.980 --> 00:01:05.930 So let's talk a little bit

NOTE Confidence: 0.947239478

 $00:01:05.930 \longrightarrow 00:01:07.230$  more about prostate cancer.

NOTE Confidence: 0.947239478

 $00:01:07.230 \dashrightarrow 00:01:10.526$  It seems to be a pretty ubiquitous cancer.

NOTE Confidence: 0.947239478

00:01:10.530 --> 00:01:12.917 Many, many men seem to get it,

- NOTE Confidence: 0.947239478
- $00{:}01{:}12{.}920 \dashrightarrow 00{:}01{:}15{.}578$  but it seems that it's
- NOTE Confidence: 0.947239478
- 00:01:15.578 --> 00:01:17.350 a little bit heterogeneous
- NOTE Confidence: 0.947239478
- $00:01:17.438 \longrightarrow 00:01:19.820$  in terms of how it's managed.
- NOTE Confidence: 0.947239478
- $00:01:19.820 \longrightarrow 00:01:21.932$  So can you give us kind of the
- NOTE Confidence: 0.947239478
- $00:01:21.932 \longrightarrow 00:01:24.968$  lay of the land in terms of the
- NOTE Confidence: 0.947239478
- 00:01:24.968 --> 00:01:26.592 epidemiology of prostate cancer?
- NOTE Confidence: 0.947239478
- $00:01:26.600 \rightarrow 00:01:27.428$  Who gets it?
- NOTE Confidence: 0.947239478
- $00:01:27.428 \rightarrow 00:01:30.120$  When do they get it and how bad is it?
- NOTE Confidence: 0.767664121428571
- $00{:}01{:}30{.}870 \dashrightarrow 00{:}01{:}33{.}145$  Those are a great observations.
- NOTE Confidence: 0.767664121428571
- 00:01:33.150 --> 00:01:36.125 Prostate cancer is very common,
- NOTE Confidence: 0.767664121428571
- $00:01:36.130 \rightarrow 00:01:39.304$  it's probably the most common
- NOTE Confidence: 0.767664121428571
- $00:01:39.304 \longrightarrow 00:01:41.870$  solid organ malignancy in men.
- NOTE Confidence: 0.767664121428571
- $00:01:41.870 \longrightarrow 00:01:44.140$  It will ultimately affect between
- NOTE Confidence: 0.767664121428571
- $00{:}01{:}44{.}140 \dashrightarrow 00{:}01{:}47{.}106$  one and seven and one in nine
- NOTE Confidence: 0.767664121428571
- $00:01:47.106 \longrightarrow 00:01:49.174$  men throughout their life.
- NOTE Confidence: 0.767664121428571

 $00:01:49.174 \rightarrow 00:01:52.210$  It is however typically in older men.

NOTE Confidence: 0.767664121428571

 $00:01:52.210 \longrightarrow 00:01:55.650$  So over the age of 50 is when we really

NOTE Confidence: 0.767664121428571

00:01:55.744 --> 00:01:58.789 feel strongly about screening

NOTE Confidence: 0.767664121428571

 $00:01:58.789 \rightarrow 00:02:01.834$  and evaluating for prostate cancer.

NOTE Confidence: 0.767664121428571

00:02:01.840 -> 00:02:04.185 Fortunately, most of the prostate

NOTE Confidence: 0.767664121428571

 $00:02:04.185 \longrightarrow 00:02:07.730$  cancers that we find do not require NOTE Confidence: 0.767664121428571

 $00{:}02{:}07{.}730 \dashrightarrow 00{:}02{:}11.084$  treatment though or at least require

NOTE Confidence: 0.767664121428571

 $00{:}02{:}11.084 \dashrightarrow 00{:}02{:}13.605$  immediate treatment and it tends to

NOTE Confidence: 0.767664121428571

00:02:13.605 --> 00:02:16.531 be for most of the cases a very slow

NOTE Confidence: 0.767664121428571

 $00:02:16.531 \rightarrow 00:02:18.116$  growing and slow progressing disease.

NOTE Confidence: 0.767664121428571

 $00{:}02{:}18.120 \dashrightarrow 00{:}02{:}20.544$  So one that we can manage more as

NOTE Confidence: 0.767664121428571

 $00:02:20.544 \rightarrow 00:02:23.033$  a chronic disease than necessarily

NOTE Confidence: 0.767664121428571

 $00:02:23.033 \rightarrow 00:02:25.449$  requiring really intensive therapy.

NOTE Confidence: 0.767664121428571

 $00{:}02{:}25{.}450 \dashrightarrow 00{:}02{:}28{.}082$  There are some patients and men that do

NOTE Confidence: 0.767664121428571

 $00:02:28.082 \rightarrow 00:02:30.524$  require or we would recommend treatment

NOTE Confidence: 0.767664121428571

 $00:02:30.524 \rightarrow 00:02:33.092$  for because their cancer could cause

 $00:02:33.162 \longrightarrow 00:02:35.922$  them a problem in the next 15 or 20 years.

NOTE Confidence: 0.767664121428571

00:02:35.930 --> 00:02:38.195 But really prostate cancer, exceptionally

NOTE Confidence: 0.767664121428571

 $00{:}02{:}38.195 \dashrightarrow 00{:}02{:}41.131$  rarely would cause problems for a man

NOTE Confidence: 0.767664121428571

 $00:02:41.131 \rightarrow 00:02:43.245$  within 10 years of diagnosis unless it's

NOTE Confidence: 0.767664121428571

00:02:43.245 - 00:02:45.874 a very high or very late stage cancer.

NOTE Confidence: 0.841267374285714

00:02:46.570 --> 00:02:49.858 So Preston, some of our listeners

NOTE Confidence: 0.841267374285714

 $00:02:49.858 \rightarrow 00:02:52.949$  might be listening to that thinking,

NOTE Confidence: 0.841267374285714

 $00:02:52.950 \longrightarrow 00:02:54.450$  well then what's the purpose

NOTE Confidence: 0.841267374285714

 $00:02:54.450 \longrightarrow 00:02:56.240$  of screening if most men are

NOTE Confidence: 0.841267374285714

 $00:02:56.240 \rightarrow 00:02:59.404$  going to do just fine with this,

NOTE Confidence: 0.841267374285714

 $00:02:59.410 \longrightarrow 00:03:02.147$  and for most people it's not going

NOTE Confidence: 0.841267374285714

 $00:03:02.147 \longrightarrow 00:03:04.597$  to really cause them any problems

NOTE Confidence: 0.841267374285714

 $00:03:04.597 \longrightarrow 00:03:07.390$  for at least another 10 years.

NOTE Confidence: 0.841267374285714

 $00{:}03{:}07{.}390 \dashrightarrow 00{:}03{:}09{.}210$  Why should we be getting

NOTE Confidence: 0.841267374285714

 $00:03:09.210 \longrightarrow 00:03:11.340$  screened at the age of 50?

 $00:03:11.430 \longrightarrow 00:03:12.654$  That's a great question.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8872389846666667

 $00{:}03{:}12.654 \dashrightarrow 00{:}03{:}14.490$  So the reason that we screen

NOTE Confidence: 0.8872389846666667

 $00:03:14.554 \rightarrow 00:03:16.289$  is because our screening test,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8872389846666667

 $00:03:16.290 \rightarrow 00:03:19.027$  which is typically a PSA blood test,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8872389846666667

 $00:03:19.030 \longrightarrow 00:03:20.829$  is a blood test that allows

NOTE Confidence: 0.8872389846666667

 $00{:}03{:}20.829 \dashrightarrow 00{:}03{:}22.808$  us to screen for prostate cancer.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8872389846666667

 $00:03:22.810 \longrightarrow 00:03:24.966$  Just because the majority of men or

NOTE Confidence: 0.8872389846666667

 $00:03:24.966 \rightarrow 00:03:27.409$  the vast majority of men will not have

NOTE Confidence: 0.8872389846666667

 $00{:}03{:}27{.}409 \dashrightarrow 00{:}03{:}29{.}330$  a problem from their prostate cancer,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8872389846666667

 $00:03:29.330 \longrightarrow 00:03:32.130$  we can identify those who will and we NOTE Confidence: 0.8872389846666667

00:03:32.130 --> 00:03:34.635 can treat them and interventions for

NOTE Confidence: 0.8872389846666667

 $00{:}03{:}34{.}635 \dashrightarrow 00{:}03{:}37{.}750$  prostate cancer can and do save lives.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8872389846666667

 $00{:}03{:}37{.}750 \dashrightarrow 00{:}03{:}40{.}319$  So we have studies that have shown

NOTE Confidence: 0.8872389846666667

 $00:03:40.319 \dashrightarrow 00:03:42.325$  that screening does improve the

NOTE Confidence: 0.8872389846666667

 $00:03:42.325 \rightarrow 00:03:44.400$  detection of prostate cancer and

NOTE Confidence: 0.8872389846666667

 $00:03:44.400 \dashrightarrow 00:03:46.850$  does improve the survival of men

- NOTE Confidence: 0.8872389846666667
- $00:03:46.850 \rightarrow 00:03:49.118$  in a population who were screened.
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8872389846666667
- $00:03:49.120 \longrightarrow 00:03:50.620$  So we do firmly believe that
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8872389846666667
- $00:03:50.620 \longrightarrow 00:03:51.620$  we should do that.
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8872389846666667
- $00:03:51.620 \rightarrow 00:03:54.908$  It's an easy intervention to be
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8872389846666667
- $00:03:54.908 \rightarrow 00:03:59.960$  screened and it definitely does save lives.
- 00:04:01.860 00:04:04.432 Are there certain populations,
- NOTE Confidence: 0.850634489333333
- $00:04:04.432 \longrightarrow 00:04:08.290$  either in a genetically or by
- NOTE Confidence: 0.850634489333333
- $00:04:08.398 \rightarrow 00:04:11.718$  race category or other factors,
- NOTE Confidence: 0.850634489333333
- $00{:}04{:}11.720 \dashrightarrow 00{:}04{:}14.400$  that might predispose a particular
- NOTE Confidence: 0.850634489333333
- $00:04:14.400 \rightarrow 00:04:17.080$  gentleman for getting worse prostate
- NOTE Confidence: 0.850634489333333
- $00:04:17.164 \longrightarrow 00:04:19.300$  cancer than others?
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8682049475
- $00:04:19.310 \longrightarrow 00:04:21.613$  This is an area that we are
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8682049475
- $00:04:21.613 \rightarrow 00:04:23.440$  continuing to learn more about,
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8682049475
- 00:04:23.440 --> 00:04:27.637 but in general, men of black or African
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8682049475
- 00:04:27.637 --> 00:04:30.990 heritage do seem to have a higher
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8682049475
- $00:04:30.990 \rightarrow 00:04:33.461$  rate of developing prostate cancer and higher

 $00:04:33.461 \rightarrow 00:04:35.860$  risk and higher grade prostate cancer.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8682049475

 $00:04:35.860 \longrightarrow 00:04:38.548$  So that is a population that we

NOTE Confidence: 0.8682049475

 $00:04:38.548 \longrightarrow 00:04:41.050$  recommend screening for men with certain

NOTE Confidence: 0.8682049475

 $00:04:41.050 \longrightarrow 00:04:43.750$  genomic and genetic mutations so that

NOTE Confidence: 0.8682049475

 $00{:}04{:}43.750 \dashrightarrow 00{:}04{:}46.882$  the breast cancer or BR CA mutation

NOTE Confidence: 0.8682049475

 $00:04:46.882 \rightarrow 00:04:49.400$  family is definitely one of those.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8682049475

 $00:04:49.400 \longrightarrow 00:04:52.116$  So in men who have multiple first

NOTE Confidence: 0.8682049475

 $00:04:52.116 \longrightarrow 00:04:54.606$  degree relatives or even a first

NOTE Confidence: 0.8682049475

 $00{:}04{:}54.606 \dashrightarrow 00{:}04{:}56.691$  degree relative with prostate cancer

NOTE Confidence: 0.8682049475

 $00{:}04{:}56{.}691 \dashrightarrow 00{:}04{:}59{.}798$  or they have women with breast cancer,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8682049475

 $00:04:59.800 \rightarrow 00:05:01.120$  even some with pancreatic cancer.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8682049475

 $00{:}05{:}01{.}120 \dashrightarrow 00{:}05{:}04{.}738$  So there are familial and genetic

NOTE Confidence: 0.8682049475

 $00{:}05{:}04.740 \dashrightarrow 00{:}05{:}07.897$  risks that do increase and demands the

NOTE Confidence: 0.8682049475

00:05:07.897 --> 00:05:10.598 possibility of developing a prostate cancer.

NOTE Confidence: 0.892824861111111

 $00:05:11.090 \longrightarrow 00:05:13.472$  And do men who have such

 $00:05:13.472 \rightarrow 00:05:14.663$  a genetic predisposition,

NOTE Confidence: 0.892824861111111

00:05:14.670 --> 00:05:18.734 let's say you have a

NOTE Confidence: 0.892824861111111

00:05:18.734 --> 00:05:23.406 sister who has a BRCA mutation.

00:05:26.026 --> 00:05:28.284 We'll get into whether in fact you should get tested

NOTE Confidence: 0.892824861111111

00:05:28.284 --> 00:05:31.704 as a man if a woman in your family

NOTE Confidence: 0.892824861111111

 $00:05:31.704 \rightarrow 00:05:34.739$  has a genetic mutation for for BRCA.

NOTE Confidence: 0.89282486111111

 $00:05:34.739 \longrightarrow 00:05:36.754$  So that's the first question,

NOTE Confidence: 0.892824861111111

00:05:36.760 --> 00:05:39.140 should you get genetic testing?

NOTE Confidence: 0.892824861111111

00:05:39.140 --> 00:05:40.870 And 2nd, regardless of whether

NOTE Confidence: 0.892824861111111

 $00:05:40.870 \longrightarrow 00:05:42.600$  you get tested or not,

NOTE Confidence: 0.89282486111111

 $00:05:42.600 \longrightarrow 00:05:44.880$  if you're from that family

NOTE Confidence: 0.892824861111111

 $00:05:44.880 \longrightarrow 00:05:47.160$  with a genetic mutation,

NOTE Confidence: 0.892824861111111

 $00:05:47.160 \longrightarrow 00:05:48.520$  granted it increases your

NOTE Confidence: 0.892824861111111

 $00:05:48.520 \longrightarrow 00:05:49.880$  risk of prostate cancer,

NOTE Confidence: 0.892824861111111

 $00{:}05{:}49{.}880 \dashrightarrow 00{:}05{:}51{.}630$  but is the prostate cancer

NOTE Confidence: 0.892824861111111

 $00:05:51.630 \longrightarrow 00:05:53.794$  that you eventually get if you

 $00:05:53.794 \rightarrow 00:05:55.166$  get a prostate cancer,

NOTE Confidence: 0.892824861111111

00:05:55.170 - 00:05:56.746 is that prognostically worse?

NOTE Confidence: 0.89282486111111

 $00:05:56.746 \longrightarrow 00:05:59.110$  Is it a more aggressive cancer

NOTE Confidence: 0.892824861111111

 $00:05:59.180 \longrightarrow 00:06:01.544$  than if you did not have

NOTE Confidence: 0.892824861111111

 $00:06:01.544 \longrightarrow 00:06:02.726$  that familial predisposition?

NOTE Confidence: 0.839801556875

 $00{:}06{:}04.330 \dashrightarrow 00{:}06{:}06.570$  So the first question regarding

NOTE Confidence: 0.839801556875

 $00:06:06.570 \longrightarrow 00:06:08.601$  should you get screened if you're

NOTE Confidence: 0.839801556875

00:06:08.601 - 00:06:10.790 in that family, I would say yes.

NOTE Confidence: 0.839801556875

00:06:10.790 --> 00:06:13.517 I think I would at least recommend that

NOTE Confidence: 0.839801556875

 $00{:}06{:}13.517 \dashrightarrow 00{:}06{:}16.597$  you discuss it with a genetic counselor.

NOTE Confidence: 0.839801556875

00:06:16.600 --> 00:06:18.472 And we have excellent genetic counselors NOTE Confidence: 0.839801556875

 $00:06:18.472 \longrightarrow 00:06:21.225$  here at Yale that can talk with you more

NOTE Confidence: 0.839801556875

 $00:06:21.225 \rightarrow 00:06:23.250$  specifically or talk with them

NOTE Confidence: 0.839801556875

 $00:06:23.250 \rightarrow 00:06:24.960$  more specifically about their risk and

NOTE Confidence: 0.839801556875

 $00:06:24.960 \longrightarrow 00:06:26.853$  the benefits of determining

NOTE Confidence: 0.839801556875

 $00{:}06{:}26.853 \dashrightarrow 00{:}06{:}29.081$  that versus some of the drawbacks and

 $00:06:29.081 \rightarrow 00:06:30.985$  so they can make an informed decision.

NOTE Confidence: 0.839801556875

00:06:30.990 --> 00:06:31.962 But in general, yes,

NOTE Confidence: 0.839801556875

00:06:31.962 --> 00:06:33.420 I would say at least having

NOTE Confidence: 0.839801556875

00:06:33.475 --> 00:06:34.540 the discussion about

NOTE Confidence: 0.839801556875

 $00:06:34.540 \rightarrow 00:06:36.400$  screening would be very important and

NOTE Confidence: 0.839801556875

 $00{:}06{:}36{.}400 \dashrightarrow 00{:}06{:}38{.}802$  probably would be of benefit not only for

NOTE Confidence: 0.839801556875

 $00:06:38.802 \rightarrow 00:06:40.826$  themselves but for any of their children

NOTE Confidence: 0.839801556875

 $00:06:40.826 \rightarrow 00:06:42.919$  because it is something that can be

NOTE Confidence: 0.839801556875

 $00{:}06{:}42.919 \dashrightarrow 00{:}06{:}45.408$  passed down through the generations.

NOTE Confidence: 0.839801556875

 $00{:}06{:}45{.}408 \dashrightarrow 00{:}06{:}49{.}177$  In terms of BRCA 2 deletion

NOTE Confidence: 0.839801556875

00:06:49.177 --> 00:06:51.697 associated prostate cancers,

NOTE Confidence: 0.839801556875

 $00:06:51.700 \dashrightarrow 00:06:53.500$  yes, those are more aggressive.

NOTE Confidence: 0.839801556875

 $00:06:53.500 \longrightarrow 00:06:55.628$  So they occur at an earlier age.

NOTE Confidence: 0.839801556875

 $00{:}06{:}55{.}630 \dashrightarrow 00{:}06{:}57{.}856$  They appear to be associated with

NOTE Confidence: 0.839801556875

 $00{:}06{:}57.856 \dashrightarrow 00{:}06{:}59.722$  more aggressive phenotype with a

 $00:06:59.722 \rightarrow 00:07:01.660$  higher likelihood of higher grade

NOTE Confidence: 0.839801556875

 $00{:}07{:}01.660 \dashrightarrow 00{:}07{:}03.620$  disease and developing metastases.

NOTE Confidence: 0.839801556875

 $00:07:03.620 \longrightarrow 00:07:05.490$  So it is something that

NOTE Confidence: 0.839801556875

00:07:05.490 - 00:07:08.718 in those cohorts of those families,

NOTE Confidence: 0.839801556875

 $00:07:08.720 \dashrightarrow 00:07:10.900$  screening and testing is definitely

NOTE Confidence: 0.839801556875

00:07:10.900 --> 00:07:14.250 one of our important evaluations and

NOTE Confidence: 0.839801556875

 $00:07:14.250 \longrightarrow 00:07:16.985$  management plans for those patients.

 $00:07:17.320 \longrightarrow 00:07:19.588$  So in terms of screening then

NOTE Confidence: 0.892357486153846

00:07:19.588 --> 00:07:22.625 can you tell us a little bit more

NOTE Confidence: 0.892357486153846

 $00{:}07{:}22.625 \dashrightarrow 00{:}07{:}24.610$  about what screening protocols you

NOTE Confidence: 0.892357486153846

00:07:24.682 --> 00:07:26.920 follow for men at average risk,

NOTE Confidence: 0.892357486153846

 $00:07:26.920 \rightarrow 00:07:29.668$  the general population and whether that's

NOTE Confidence: 0.892357486153846

 $00{:}07{:}29.668 \dashrightarrow 00{:}07{:}33.120$  different for men who may have a genetic

NOTE Confidence: 0.892357486153846

 $00:07:33.120 \longrightarrow 00:07:35.730$  predisposition or men who might be of

NOTE Confidence: 0.892357486153846

00:07:35.730 --> 00:07:37.800 African American ancestry.

NOTE Confidence: 0.890868895714285

 $00{:}07{:}39{.}080 \dashrightarrow 00{:}07{:}41{.}495$  So that's a very good question and

 $00:07:41.495 \longrightarrow 00:07:43.962$  it's complex and one that we are

NOTE Confidence: 0.890868895714285

 $00{:}07{:}43.962 \dashrightarrow 00{:}07{:}45.996$  constantly seeking to find the

NOTE Confidence: 0.890868895714285

 $00:07:46.064 \rightarrow 00:07:48.640$  right answer to and and it is elusive.

NOTE Confidence: 0.890868895714285

 $00:07:48.640 \longrightarrow 00:07:50.593$  So I would say that there's

NOTE Confidence: 0.890868895714285

 $00{:}07{:}50{.}593 \dashrightarrow 00{:}07{:}51{.}979$  an evolutionary process with that,

NOTE Confidence: 0.890868895714285

 $00:07:51.980 \dashrightarrow 00:07:56.018$  but the early detection for prostate

NOTE Confidence: 0.890868895714285

00:07:56.018 --> 00:07:59.360 cancer guidelines from the NCCN,

NOTE Confidence: 0.890868895714285

 $00:07:59.360 \rightarrow 00:08:01.346$  and we actually are meeting this afternoon

NOTE Confidence: 0.890868895714285

 $00:08:01.346 \longrightarrow 00:08:03.490$  to try to finalize exactly that.

NOTE Confidence: 0.890868895714285

 $00:08:03.490 \longrightarrow 00:08:09.196$  Can we agree on a sort of risk stratified

NOTE Confidence: 0.890868895714285

 $00:08:09.200 \longrightarrow 00:08:11.120$  protocol for who should be

NOTE Confidence: 0.890868895714285

 $00:08:11.120 \rightarrow 00:08:13.040$  getting tested at what frequency?

NOTE Confidence: 0.890868895714285

 $00:08:13.040 \longrightarrow 00:08:14.992$  I would say we do agree that men

NOTE Confidence: 0.890868895714285

 $00{:}08{:}14.992 \dashrightarrow 00{:}08{:}17.199$  who are at higher risk should be

NOTE Confidence: 0.890868895714285

 $00:08:17.199 \dashrightarrow 00:08:19.160$  tested starting at an earlier age.

NOTE Confidence: 0.890868895714285

 $00:08:19.160 \rightarrow 00:08:22.425$  The frequency of testing depends

 $00:08:22.425 \dashrightarrow 00:08:25.690$  on PSA blood testing results

 $00:08:28.980 \rightarrow 00:08:31.815$  and it changes somewhat based on age.

NOTE Confidence: 0.890868895714285

 $00:08:31.820 \longrightarrow 00:08:33.920$  It's an open discussion of whether or

NOTE Confidence: 0.890868895714285

 $00:08:33.920 \rightarrow 00:08:36.267$  not those at a higher risk based on

NOTE Confidence: 0.890868895714285

 $00{:}08{:}36{.}270 \dashrightarrow 00{:}08{:}38{.}535$  genetic or racial characteristics we

NOTE Confidence: 0.890868895714285

 $00{:}08{:}38{.}535 \dashrightarrow 00{:}08{:}41{.}290$  think should be screened more often.

NOTE Confidence: 0.890868895714285

 $00:08:41.290 \rightarrow 00:08:43.050$  It's unclear if they should,

NOTE Confidence: 0.890868895714285

00:08:43.050 - 00:08:45.378 but definitely we want to screen

NOTE Confidence: 0.890868895714285

 $00{:}08{:}45{.}378 \dashrightarrow 00{:}08{:}47{.}373$  them earlier because they can

NOTE Confidence: 0.890868895714285

 $00:08:47.373 \longrightarrow 00:08:49.213$  potentially be diagnosed with a

NOTE Confidence: 0.890868895714285

 $00:08:49.213 \longrightarrow 00:08:51.430$  high risk cancer in their 40s,

NOTE Confidence: 0.890868895714285

 $00{:}08{:}51{.}430 \dashrightarrow 00{:}08{:}53{.}380$  at which point intervention has

NOTE Confidence: 0.890868895714285

 $00{:}08{:}53{.}380 \dashrightarrow 00{:}08{:}56{.}097$  a much longer benefit than if we

NOTE Confidence: 0.890868895714285

 $00:08:56.097 \rightarrow 00:08:57.827$  can identify the cancer early.

NOTE Confidence: 0.7845676905

 $00:08:58.050 \rightarrow 00:09:00.858$  One of the things that you had mentioned

NOTE Confidence: 0.7845676905

 $00:09:00.858 \dashrightarrow 00:09:03.658$  earlier was that because so many of

- NOTE Confidence: 0.7845676905
- $00{:}09{:}03.658 \dashrightarrow 00{:}09{:}05.683$  these prostate cancers are indolent,

 $00:09:05.690 \longrightarrow 00:09:06.995$  you still recommend

NOTE Confidence: 0.7845676905

00:09:06.995 --> 00:09:09.170 screening because PSA is a

NOTE Confidence: 0.7845676905

 $00:09:09.170 \longrightarrow 00:09:10.869$  relatively easy test to do.

NOTE Confidence: 0.7845676905

 $00{:}09{:}10.870 \dashrightarrow 00{:}09{:}12.426$  It's a blood test.

NOTE Confidence: 0.7845676905

 $00{:}09{:}12.426 \dashrightarrow 00{:}09{:}16.366$  And so the result of that blood test may

NOTE Confidence: 0.7845676905

 $00:09:16.366 \rightarrow 00:09:19.894$  or may not actually cause an intervention.

NOTE Confidence: 0.7845676905

 $00:09:19.900 \longrightarrow 00:09:22.390$  At what point do you start

NOTE Confidence: 0.7845676905

00:09:22.390 --> 00:09:25.140 looking at that PSA and saying,

NOTE Confidence: 0.7845676905

 $00{:}09{:}25.140 \dashrightarrow 00{:}09{:}29.040$  geez, now we really need to do

NOTE Confidence: 0.7845676905

 $00:09:29.040 \rightarrow 00:09:30.800$  something to investigate further?

NOTE Confidence: 0.7845676905

 $00{:}09{:}30{.}800 \dashrightarrow 00{:}09{:}33{.}432$  Is it a particular number of the

NOTE Confidence: 0.7845676905

 $00{:}09{:}33.432 \dashrightarrow 00{:}09{:}36.618$  PSA or is it a trend in the PSA?

NOTE Confidence: 0.7845676905

 $00{:}09{:}36.620 \dashrightarrow 00{:}09{:}40.148$  How do you make that distinction

NOTE Confidence: 0.7845676905

 $00:09:40.148 \rightarrow 00:09:42.730$  and what's the next step?

 $00:09:42.730 \longrightarrow 00:09:45.442$  For a man who might meet those

NOTE Confidence: 0.7845676905

 $00{:}09{:}45{.}442 \dashrightarrow 00{:}09{:}48{.}069$  criteria in terms of actually trying

NOTE Confidence: 0.7845676905

 $00:09:48.069 \rightarrow 00:09:50.404$  to find prostate cancer earlier,

NOTE Confidence: 0.870376881111111

 $00:09:50.560 \longrightarrow 00:09:53.062$  we no longer use strict

NOTE Confidence: 0.870376881111111

 $00{:}09{:}53.062 \dashrightarrow 00{:}09{:}54.750$  cut offs for PSA's.

NOTE Confidence: 0.870376881111111

 $00{:}09{:}54.750 \dashrightarrow 00{:}09{:}56.900$  Traditionally we had used a

NOTE Confidence: 0.870376881111111

 $00{:}09{:}56{.}900 \dashrightarrow 00{:}10{:}00{.}043$  level of around 3 or a PSA of

NOTE Confidence: 0.87037688111111

 $00{:}10{:}00{.}043 \dashrightarrow 00{:}10{:}02{.}059$  four to indicate that a further

NOTE Confidence: 0.870376881111111

 $00:10:02.140 \longrightarrow 00:10:03.859$  evaluation was needed.

NOTE Confidence: 0.870376881111111

 $00{:}10{:}03.860 \dashrightarrow 00{:}10{:}06.692$  We now really have what we call

NOTE Confidence: 0.870376881111111

 $00{:}10{:}06.692 \dashrightarrow 00{:}10{:}08.305$  shared decision making discussions

NOTE Confidence: 0.870376881111111

 $00{:}10{:}08{.}305 \dashrightarrow 00{:}10{:}10{.}777$  with the patients, with the men

NOTE Confidence: 0.870376881111111

 $00{:}10{:}10{.}777 \dashrightarrow 00{:}10{:}13{.}130$  and talk about the fact that

NOTE Confidence: 0.870376881111111

 $00{:}10{:}13.130 \dashrightarrow 00{:}10{:}16.413$  a higher PSA is associated with a

NOTE Confidence: 0.870376881111111

 $00:10:16.413 \rightarrow 00:10:19.546$  higher likelihood of having a prostate

NOTE Confidence: 0.870376881111111

 $00:10:19.546 \rightarrow 00:10:22.728$  cancer detected on biopsy, and what we

 $00:10:22.728 \rightarrow 00:10:25.722$  usually consider a cutoff where we

NOTE Confidence: 0.870376881111111

 $00{:}10{:}25{.}722 \dashrightarrow 00{:}10{:}28{.}493$  would consider biopsy and start that

NOTE Confidence: 0.870376881111111

 $00:10:28.493 \rightarrow 00:10:32.059$  discussion is if the PSA is over three,

NOTE Confidence: 0.870376881111111

 $00:10:32.060 \longrightarrow 00:10:33.506$  sometimes over 4.

NOTE Confidence: 0.870376881111111

 $00:10:33.506 \longrightarrow 00:10:35.434$  It also depends somewhat

NOTE Confidence: 0.87037688111111

 $00:10:35.434 \longrightarrow 00:10:37.980$  on the age of the man,

NOTE Confidence: 0.870376881111111

 $00:10:37.980 \longrightarrow 00:10:39.610$  but you also mentioned the

NOTE Confidence: 0.870376881111111

 $00:10:39.610 \longrightarrow 00:10:41.600$  rate of rise of the PSA.

NOTE Confidence: 0.870376881111111

 $00:10:41.600 \longrightarrow 00:10:44.120$  If a PSA is completely stable

NOTE Confidence: 0.870376881111111

 $00{:}10{:}44.120 \dashrightarrow 00{:}10{:}46.679$  that is less often associated with

NOTE Confidence: 0.870376881111111

 $00{:}10{:}46.679 \dashrightarrow 00{:}10{:}49.481$  a prostate cancer versus one that

NOTE Confidence: 0.87037688111111

00:10:49.481 - 00:10:52.020 seems to be rising consistently,

NOTE Confidence: 0.870376881111111

 $00:10:52.020 \dashrightarrow 00:10:54.490$  that would be more concerning.

NOTE Confidence: 0.870376881111111

 $00{:}10{:}54.490 \dashrightarrow 00{:}10{:}55.297$  However, the

NOTE Confidence: 0.870376881111111

 $00{:}10{:}55{.}297 \dashrightarrow 00{:}10{:}56{.}642$  most predictive thing still

 $00:10:56.642 \longrightarrow 00:10:58.260$  is a PSA that is elevated.

NOTE Confidence: 0.870376881111111

00:10:58.260 --> 00:11:00.956 So a PSA is elevated over 4 statistically

NOTE Confidence: 0.870376881111111

00:11:00.956 --> 00:11:03.349 has the greatest predictive rate

NOTE Confidence: 0.87037688111111

 $00:11:03.350 \rightarrow 00:11:04.734$  for their development identifying

NOTE Confidence: 0.870376881111111

 $00{:}11{:}04{.}734 \dashrightarrow 00{:}11{:}06{.}810$  a prostate cancer in the future.

NOTE Confidence: 0.870376881111111

 $00:11:06.810 \rightarrow 00:11:08.784$  So it's still a little bit complicated.

NOTE Confidence: 0.870376881111111

00:11:08.790 --> 00:11:09.888 We're trying to make it simple,

NOTE Confidence: 0.87037688111111

 $00:11:09.890 \rightarrow 00:11:11.556$  but I think that the easiest way

NOTE Confidence: 0.87037688111111

00:11:11.556 --> 00:11:13.406 to think about it, if you have a

NOTE Confidence: 0.870376881111111

 $00:11:13.406 \longrightarrow 00:11:14.650$  PSA that has elevated over 4,

NOTE Confidence: 0.870376881111111

00:11:14.650 --> 00:11:16.565 it is worth further discussion

NOTE Confidence: 0.870376881111111

 $00:11:16.565 \rightarrow 00:11:18.480$  with your primary care physician

NOTE Confidence: 0.870376881111111

 $00{:}11{:}18.550 \dashrightarrow 00{:}11{:}20.315$  or urologist about what additional

NOTE Confidence: 0.870376881111111

 $00:11:20.315 \longrightarrow 00:11:22.740$  steps you may be taking and that

NOTE Confidence: 0.870376881111111

 $00{:}11{:}22.740 \dashrightarrow 00{:}11{:}24.528$  typically for us at Yale includes

NOTE Confidence: 0.870376881111111

 $00{:}11{:}24{.}528 \dashrightarrow 00{:}11{:}26{.}105$  an MRI of the prostate.

- NOTE Confidence: 0.870376881111111
- $00:11:26.105 \rightarrow 00:11:28.380$  And then very likely a prostate biopsy.
- NOTE Confidence: 0.923920515
- $00{:}11{:}28{.}910 \dashrightarrow 00{:}11{:}31{.}780$  So you mentioned this concept of shared
- NOTE Confidence: 0.923920515
- $00:11:31.780 \longrightarrow 00:11:34.197$  decision making and talking to
- NOTE Confidence: 0.923920515
- $00{:}11{:}34{.}197 \dashrightarrow 00{:}11{:}36{.}723$  your doctor about your PSA because
- NOTE Confidence: 0.923920515
- $00:11:36.723 \longrightarrow 00:11:39.549$  even if your PSA was elevated,
- NOTE Confidence: 0.923920515
- 00:11:39.550 --> 00:11:42.366 if for example you were quite elderly or
- NOTE Confidence: 0.923920515
- $00:11:42.366 \rightarrow 00:11:45.347$  you had a million other comorbidities,
- NOTE Confidence: 0.923920515
- $00:11:45.350 \rightarrow 00:11:48.310$  we actually kind of weigh things all out.
- NOTE Confidence: 0.923920515
- 00:11:48.310 --> 00:11:51.033 You know the risk of prostate cancer
- NOTE Confidence: 0.923920515
- $00{:}11{:}51{.}033 \dashrightarrow 00{:}11{:}53{.}471$  and the treatment of prostate cancer
- NOTE Confidence: 0.923920515
- 00:11:53.471 --> 00:11:56.250 might actually be lower in terms of
- NOTE Confidence: 0.923920515
- 00:11:56.250 --> 00:11:57.537 the disease itself,
- NOTE Confidence: 0.923920515
- $00:11:57.537 \longrightarrow 00:12:00.111$  then the risks of the potential
- NOTE Confidence: 0.923920515
- $00{:}12{:}00{.}111 \dashrightarrow 00{:}12{:}01{.}678$  intervention and the treatment
- NOTE Confidence: 0.923920515
- $00:12:01.678 \longrightarrow 00:12:03.808$  and the the competing risks of
- NOTE Confidence: 0.923920515

 $00:12:03.808 \longrightarrow 00:12:05.580$  your other comorbidities.

NOTE Confidence: 0.923920515

 $00{:}12{:}05{.}580 \dashrightarrow 00{:}12{:}07{.}960$  Why wouldn't that discussion happen

NOTE Confidence: 0.923920515

 $00:12:07.960 \longrightarrow 00:12:10.340$  before the PSA ever occurred?

NOTE Confidence: 0.923920515

 $00:12:10.340 \longrightarrow 00:12:11.345$  In other words,

NOTE Confidence: 0.923920515

00:12:11.345 --> 00:12:13.690 if you know that you're never going

NOTE Confidence: 0.923920515

 $00:12:13.762 \longrightarrow 00:12:15.995$  to act on that PSA screening test,

NOTE Confidence: 0.923920515

 $00:12:16.000 \longrightarrow 00:12:17.040$  why get the test?

NOTE Confidence: 0.824893413809524

 $00:12:17.720 \longrightarrow 00:12:19.838$  You're absolutely right and it should

NOTE Confidence: 0.824893413809524

 $00{:}12{:}19.838 \dashrightarrow 00{:}12{:}22.243$  and so there's shared decision making is

NOTE Confidence: 0.824893413809524

 $00:12:22.243 \rightarrow 00:12:24.840$  supposed to occur before a PSA is drawn.

NOTE Confidence: 0.824893413809524

 $00:12:24.840 \longrightarrow 00:12:26.877$  The problem is it is not all

NOTE Confidence: 0.824893413809524

 $00{:}12{:}26.877 \dashrightarrow 00{:}12{:}28.498$  physicians and that burden often

NOTE Confidence: 0.824893413809524

00:12:28.498 --> 00:12:30.198 falls on primary care physicians

NOTE Confidence: 0.824893413809524

 $00:12:30.198 \longrightarrow 00:12:32.738$  to be able to have that discussion.

NOTE Confidence: 0.824893413809524

00:12:32.740 --> 00:12:34.408 But you're absolutely right.

NOTE Confidence: 0.824893413809524

 $00:12:34.408 \longrightarrow 00:12:37.365$  So the first real sort of cutoff

- NOTE Confidence: 0.824893413809524
- $00{:}12{:}37.365 \dashrightarrow 00{:}12{:}39.962$  is unless someone has we think at
- NOTE Confidence: 0.824893413809524
- 00:12:39.962 --> 00:12:42.640 least a 10 year life expectancy,
- NOTE Confidence: 0.824893413809524
- $00:12:42.640 \longrightarrow 00:12:45.072$  we recommend strongly against
- NOTE Confidence: 0.824893413809524
- 00:12:45.072 --> 00:12:46.896 initiating PSA testing.
- $00:12:47.606 \rightarrow 00:12:50.077$  Where we're trying to trying to make
- NOTE Confidence: 0.824893413809524
- $00{:}12{:}50.077 \dashrightarrow 00{:}12{:}52.458$  that cut off because for those men
- NOTE Confidence: 0.824893413809524
- $00:12:52.458 \rightarrow 00:12:54.919$  who we do identify prostate cancer,
- NOTE Confidence: 0.824893413809524
- $00:12:54.920 \longrightarrow 00:12:56.915$  we have lots of new novel treatments
- NOTE Confidence: 0.824893413809524
- $00{:}12{:}56{.}920 \dashrightarrow 00{:}12{:}58{.}296$  that have a lot
- NOTE Confidence: 0.824893413809524
- $00:12:58.296 \rightarrow 00:12:59.953$  less of the side effects that many
- NOTE Confidence: 0.824893413809524
- $00{:}12{:}59{.}953 \dashrightarrow 00{:}13{:}01{.}213$  men have been concerned about.
- NOTE Confidence: 0.824893413809524
- $00:13:01.220 \rightarrow 00:13:03.818$  Some of those include ablation therapies,
- NOTE Confidence: 0.824893413809524
- $00:13:03.820 \rightarrow 00:13:04.536$  focal therapies,
- NOTE Confidence: 0.824893413809524
- $00{:}13{:}04{.}536 \dashrightarrow 00{:}13{:}06{.}684$  things that have many fewer side
- NOTE Confidence: 0.824893413809524
- $00{:}13{:}06{.}684 \dashrightarrow 00{:}13{:}08{.}341$  effects than the traditional
- NOTE Confidence: 0.824893413809524
- 00:13:08.341 > 00:13:09.658 surgery and radiation.

 $00:13:09.790 \longrightarrow 00:13:11.470$  So we're going to dive a little

NOTE Confidence: 0.874769088461538

 $00{:}13{:}11{.}470 \dashrightarrow 00{:}13{:}13{.}333$  bit more into some of those novel

NOTE Confidence: 0.874769088461538

00:13:13.333 - > 00:13:14.965 the rapies right after we take a

NOTE Confidence: 0.874769088461538

 $00:13:15.019 \longrightarrow 00:13:16.777$  short break for a medical minute.

NOTE Confidence: 0.874769088461538

 $00:13:16.780 \longrightarrow 00:13:18.460$  Please stay tuned to learn more about

NOTE Confidence: 0.874769088461538

 $00:13:18.460 \longrightarrow 00:13:20.284$  the care of prostate cancer patients

NOTE Confidence: 0.874769088461538

 $00:13:20.284 \rightarrow 00:13:22.469$  with my guest Doctor Preston Sprenkle.

NOTE Confidence: 0.784005092

 $00{:}13{:}23{.}150 \dashrightarrow 00{:}13{:}25{.}170$  Funding for Yale Cancer Answers

NOTE Confidence: 0.784005092

00:13:25.170 --> 00:13:27.190 comes from Smilow Cancer Hospital,

NOTE Confidence: 0.784005092

 $00{:}13{:}27{.}190 \dashrightarrow 00{:}13{:}29{.}105$  where their liver cancer program

NOTE Confidence: 0.784005092

 $00:13:29.105 \rightarrow 00:13:31.020$  brings together a dedicated group

NOTE Confidence: 0.784005092

00:13:31.083 --> 00:13:33.203 of specialists whose focus is

NOTE Confidence: 0.784005092

 $00:13:33.203 \rightarrow 00:13:34.899$  determining the best personalized

NOTE Confidence: 0.784005092

 $00{:}13{:}34{.}899 \dashrightarrow 00{:}13{:}36{.}658$  treatment plan for each patient.

NOTE Confidence: 0.784005092

00:13:36.660 --> 00:13:41.490 Learn more at smilowcancerhospital.org.

00:13:41.490 --> 00:13:43.590 The American Cancer Society

NOTE Confidence: 0.784005092

 $00:13:43.590 \longrightarrow 00:13:45.936$  estimates that nearly 150,000 people

NOTE Confidence: 0.784005092

 $00:13:45.936 \longrightarrow 00:13:48.617$  in the US will be diagnosed with

NOTE Confidence: 0.784005092

 $00:13:48.617 \rightarrow 00:13:50.590$  colorectal cancer this year alone.

NOTE Confidence: 0.784005092

 $00:13:50.590 \longrightarrow 00:13:51.838$  When detected early,

NOTE Confidence: 0.784005092

 $00:13:51.838 \longrightarrow 00:13:53.502$  colorectal cancer is easily

NOTE Confidence: 0.784005092

 $00:13:53.502 \rightarrow 00:13:55.310$  treated and highly curable,

NOTE Confidence: 0.784005092

 $00:13:55.310 \rightarrow 00:13:57.677$  and men and women over the age of 45

NOTE Confidence: 0.784005092

00:13:57.677 --> 00:13:59.219 should have regular colonoscopies

NOTE Confidence: 0.784005092

 $00{:}13{:}59{.}219 \dashrightarrow 00{:}14{:}01{.}244$  to screen for the disease.

NOTE Confidence: 0.784005092

 $00{:}14{:}01{.}250 \dashrightarrow 00{:}14{:}02{.}698$  Patients with colorectal cancer

NOTE Confidence: 0.784005092

 $00:14:02.698 \rightarrow 00:14:04.870$  have more hope than ever before,

NOTE Confidence: 0.784005092

 $00{:}14{:}04.870 \dashrightarrow 00{:}14{:}07.690$  thanks to increased access to advanced

NOTE Confidence: 0.784005092

 $00:14:07.690 \longrightarrow 00:14:09.570$  therapies and specialized care.

NOTE Confidence: 0.784005092

00:14:09.570 --> 00:14:11.560 Clinical trials are currently underway

NOTE Confidence: 0.784005092

00:14:11.560 --> 00:14:13.039 at Federally designated comprehensive

 $00:14:13.039 \rightarrow 00:14:15.997$  cancer centers such as Yale Cancer

NOTE Confidence: 0.784005092

00:14:15.997 --> 00:14:18.566 Center and Smilow Cancer Hospital

NOTE Confidence: 0.784005092

 $00{:}14{:}18.566 \dashrightarrow 00{:}14{:}20.576$  to test innovative new treatments

NOTE Confidence: 0.784005092

 $00:14:20.643 \rightarrow 00:14:22.459$  for colorectal cancer tumors.

NOTE Confidence: 0.784005092

00:14:22.460 --> 00:14:24.640 Gene analysis has helped improve

NOTE Confidence: 0.784005092

 $00{:}14{:}24.640 \dashrightarrow 00{:}14{:}26.820$  management of colorectal cancer by

NOTE Confidence: 0.784005092

 $00:14:26.892 \rightarrow 00:14:29.137$  identifying the patients most likely

NOTE Confidence: 0.784005092

 $00:14:29.137 \rightarrow 00:14:31.382$  to benefit from chemotherapy and

NOTE Confidence: 0.784005092

 $00{:}14{:}31{.}454 \dashrightarrow 00{:}14{:}33{.}879$  newer targeted agents resulting in

NOTE Confidence: 0.784005092

 $00:14:33.879 \rightarrow 00:14:35.819$  more patient specific treatment.

NOTE Confidence: 0.784005092

 $00:14:35.820 \longrightarrow 00:14:38.188$  More information is available

NOTE Confidence: 0.784005092

 $00{:}14{:}38{.}188 \dashrightarrow 00{:}14{:}39{.}218$  at yale cancercenter.org.

NOTE Confidence: 0.784005092

00:14:39.218 --> 00:14:41.846 You're listening to Connecticut public radio.

NOTE Confidence: 0.838783391666667

 $00{:}14{:}42.550 \dashrightarrow 00{:}14{:}44.728$  Welcome back to Yale Cancer Answers.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8387833916666667

 $00{:}14{:}44{.}730 \dashrightarrow 00{:}14{:}46{.}270$  This is doctor Anees Chagpar

00:14:46.270 --> 00:14:48.426 and I'm joined tonight by my guest,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8387833916666667

 $00:14:48.430 \longrightarrow 00:14:49.423$  Doctor Preston Sprenkle.

NOTE Confidence: 0.838783391666667

 $00:14:49.423 \longrightarrow 00:14:51.409$  We're talking about the care of

NOTE Confidence: 0.8387833916666667

 $00:14:51.409 \longrightarrow 00:14:52.869$  patients with prostate cancer.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8387833916666667

 $00:14:52.870 \longrightarrow 00:14:54.450$  And right before the break,

NOTE Confidence: 0.838783391666667

 $00:14:54.450 \longrightarrow 00:14:55.975$  we were talking about the

NOTE Confidence: 0.8387833916666667

 $00:14:55.975 \longrightarrow 00:14:57.890$  fact that for the most part,

NOTE Confidence: 0.838783391666667

00:14:57.890 --> 00:15:00.368 many men who get prostate cancer,

NOTE Confidence: 0.838783391666667

 $00:15:00.370 \rightarrow 00:15:04.267$  and in fact many men do get prostate cancer,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8387833916666667

 $00:15:04.270 \longrightarrow 00:15:06.030$  will have indolent disease.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8387833916666667

00:15:06.030 --> 00:15:08.234 Still, screening is recommended

NOTE Confidence: 0.8387833916666667

 $00{:}15{:}08{.}234 \dashrightarrow 00{:}15{:}11{.}762$  because it's an easy screening test.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8387833916666667

00:15:11.770 --> 00:15:12.906 It's a blood test.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8387833916666667

00:15:12.906 --> 00:15:15.064 And it can pick up prostate cancer

NOTE Confidence: 0.838783391666667

 $00:15:15.064 \rightarrow 00:15:17.019$  early when it's most treatable.

NOTE Confidence: 0.838783391666667

 $00:15:17.020 \rightarrow 00:15:20.917$  And it's been shown in studies to save lives.

- NOTE Confidence: 0.838783391666667
- $00:15:20.920 \longrightarrow 00:15:21.544$  So Preston,
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8387833916666667
- $00{:}15{:}21.544 \dashrightarrow 00{:}15{:}22.792$  we ended the conversation
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8387833916666667
- $00:15:22.792 \longrightarrow 00:15:24.040$  right before the break,
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8387833916666667
- $00:15:24.040 \longrightarrow 00:15:25.868$  talking about the fact
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8387833916666667
- $00:15:25.868 \longrightarrow 00:15:27.696$  that for many patients,
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8387833916666667
- $00:15:27.700 \longrightarrow 00:15:32.430$  prostate cancer is relatively indolent.
- $00{:}15{:}33{.}520 \dashrightarrow 00{:}15{:}36{.}790$  You often times will not have problems
- NOTE Confidence: 0.838783391666667
- $00{:}15{:}36{.}790 \dashrightarrow 00{:}15{:}40{.}157$  from your prostate cancer and so
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8387833916666667
- $00{:}15{:}40{.}157 \dashrightarrow 00{:}15{:}42{.}882$  weighing the risks and benefits
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8387833916666667
- $00:15:42.882 \rightarrow 00:15:46.284$  of treatment versus doing nothing
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8387833916666667
- 00:15:46.284 --> 00:15:49.734 and certainly watchful waiting
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8387833916666667
- $00:15:49.740 \longrightarrow 00:15:51.916$  has been a strategy that has been
- NOTE Confidence: 0.838783391666667
- $00:15:51.916 \rightarrow 00:15:54.638$  used for some patients with prostate cancer.
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8387833916666667
- $00:15:54.640 \longrightarrow 00:15:57.010$  So can you walk us through
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8387833916666667
- 00:15:57.010 --> 00:15:58.950 a little bit more of
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8387833916666667
- $00:15:58.950 \rightarrow 00:16:03.066$  what happens when that PSA comes back,

- NOTE Confidence: 0.8387833916666667
- $00:16:03.070 \rightarrow 00:16:05.891$  it is elevated and your doctor wants
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8387833916666667
- $00:16:05.891 \rightarrow 00:16:08.699$  to start looking for prostate cancer?
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8387833916666667
- $00{:}16{:}08{.}700 \dashrightarrow 00{:}16{:}11{.}087$  Start there and tell us a little
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8387833916666667
- $00{:}16{:}11.087 \dashrightarrow 00{:}16{:}13.349$  bit about what men might expect
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8387833916666667
- $00{:}16{:}13.350 \dashrightarrow 00{:}16{:}14.460$  in that situation.
- NOTE Confidence: 0.810686531111111
- $00:16:15.730 \longrightarrow 00:16:17.334$  So when
- NOTE Confidence: 0.810686531111111
- $00:16:17.334 \rightarrow 00:16:19.339$  there is an elevated PSA,
- NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375
- $00:16:22.030 \rightarrow 00:16:25.406$  the first step is to really recheck that,
- NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375
- $00{:}16{:}25{.}410 \dashrightarrow 00{:}16{:}27{.}714$  to check another PSA test and
- NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375
- $00{:}16{:}27.714 \dashrightarrow 00{:}16{:}30.310$  confirm that there is an elevation.
- NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375
- $00:16:30.310 \longrightarrow 00:16:32.627$  While the PSA is a very good
- NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375
- $00{:}16{:}32.627 \dashrightarrow 00{:}16{:}34.830$  screening test for prostate cancer,
- NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375
- $00:16:34.830 \longrightarrow 00:16:39.303$  it is definitely not perfect.
- NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375
- $00{:}16{:}39{.}310 \dashrightarrow 00{:}16{:}41{.}102$  So there are significant
- NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375
- $00:16:41.102 \longrightarrow 00:16:43.342$  limitations that the normal
- NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375

 $00:16:43.342 \rightarrow 00:16:45.268$  prostate tissue also makes PSA.

NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375

00:16:45.270 --> 00:16:47.839 So there can be a variety of

NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375

 $00{:}16{:}47.839 \dashrightarrow 00{:}16{:}51.522$  reasons for a PSA blood test to be

NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375

 $00:16:51.522 \rightarrow 00:16:54.012$  elevated other than prostate cancer.

NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375

 $00:16:54.020 \longrightarrow 00:16:55.712$  So the initial thing would be

NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375

 $00:16:55.712 \longrightarrow 00:16:57.599$  to repeat a PSA blood test.

NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375

 $00{:}16{:}57{.}600 \dashrightarrow 00{:}17{:}00{.}768$  We have a lot of new

NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375

 $00{:}17{:}00.768 \dashrightarrow 00{:}17{:}03.616$  biomarkers that can be used

NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375

 $00{:}17{:}03.616 \dashrightarrow 00{:}17{:}07.420$  in that case as well once a PSA

NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375

 $00:17:07.420 \longrightarrow 00:17:10.030$  is found to be elevated that

NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375

 $00{:}17{:}10.030 \dashrightarrow 00{:}17{:}12.389$  confirm whether the PSA is elevated but

NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375

00:17:12.389 --> 00:17:14.593 also can give more precise indications

NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375

 $00:17:14.593 \rightarrow 00:17:17.218$  then try to control or correct for

NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375

 $00:17:17.288 \rightarrow 00:17:18.968$  some of those benign reasons for

NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375

00:17:18.968 --> 00:17:22.034 a PSA to be elevated to evaluate

NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375

 $00:17:22.034 \rightarrow 00:17:26.570$  someone's true PSA or prostate cancer risk.

- NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375
- $00{:}17{:}26{.}570 \dashrightarrow 00{:}17{:}28{.}794$  There are a variety of them and I
- NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375
- $00:17:28.794 \longrightarrow 00:17:30.928$  don't really want to list all of them,
- NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375
- 00:17:30.930 --> 00:17:33.821 but your doctor should know and we
- NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375
- $00{:}17{:}33.821 \dashrightarrow 00{:}17{:}36.629$  have quite a few available after
- NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375
- $00:17:36.629 \longrightarrow 00:17:39.002$  that if there still is felt to
- NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375
- $00{:}17{:}39{.}002 \dashrightarrow 00{:}17{:}40{.}998$  be some risk.
- NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375
- 00:17:41.000 --> 00:17:44.156 Often, a prostate MRI will be completed.
- NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375
- 00:17:44.160 --> 00:17:46.062 The prostate MRI is a relatively
- NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375
- $00:17:46.062 \longrightarrow 00:17:48.326$  new thing within the last 10 years
- NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375
- $00:17:48.326 \rightarrow 00:17:50.192$  where we've been using it routinely
- NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375
- $00:17:50.192 \longrightarrow 00:17:52.180$  or at a higher rate because it
- NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375
- $00{:}17{:}52{.}180 \dashrightarrow 00{:}17{:}54{.}148$  allows us to look in the prostate.
- NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375
- $00:17:54.148 \longrightarrow 00:17:56.220$  So the prostate previously is one of NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375
- 00:17:56.285 --> 00:17:58.084 the few solid organs where we were
- NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375
- $00{:}17{:}58.084 \dashrightarrow 00{:}18{:}00.495$  not able to really look into it to try
- NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375

 $00:18:00.495 \longrightarrow 00:18:02.717$  to identify if there were areas that

NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375

 $00{:}18{:}02.717 \dashrightarrow 00{:}18{:}05.440$  were suspicious for tumor or a cancer.

NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375

 $00:18:05.440 \longrightarrow 00:18:07.410$  The prostate MRI has really

NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375

 $00{:}18{:}07{.}410 \dashrightarrow 00{:}18{:}08{.}986$  revolutionized that and allows

NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375

 $00:18:08.986 \rightarrow 00:18:11.259$  us to look inside the prostate,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375

00:18:11.260 - 00:18:12.898 see if there are areas that appear

NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375

00:18:12.900 --> 00:18:13.287 suspicious,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375

 $00{:}18{:}13.287 \dashrightarrow 00{:}18{:}16.383$  grade them on their risk and allow us

NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375

 $00:18:16.383 \rightarrow 00:18:19.419$  to then perform a targeted biopsy so we

NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375

 $00:18:19.419 \rightarrow 00:18:21.720$  can really, in a more selective way,

NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375

 $00:18:21.720 \longrightarrow 00:18:24.555$  sample those areas that are more suspicious.

NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375

 $00:18:24.560 \longrightarrow 00:18:28.240$  This has been tremendous because

NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375

 $00{:}18{:}28{.}240 \dashrightarrow 00{:}18{:}31{.}184$  it allows us to

NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375

 $00:18:31.190 \rightarrow 00:18:33.770$  more accurately identify prostate cancer

NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375

 $00{:}18{:}33{.}770 \dashrightarrow 00{:}18{:}35{.}366$  sometimes in a hard to reach

NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375

 $00:18:35.366 \rightarrow 00:18:36.590$  area of the prostate,

- NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375
- $00:18:36.590 \longrightarrow 00:18:38.798$  we would not biopsy at unless we
- NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375
- $00{:}18{:}38.798 \dashrightarrow 00{:}18{:}40.950$  knew that there was something there.
- NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375
- $00{:}18{:}40.950 \dashrightarrow 00{:}18{:}42.497$  This allows us to know that there's
- NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375
- $00:18:42.497 \longrightarrow 00:18:44.187$  an area that's higher risk and do
- NOTE Confidence: 0.88924443375
- $00{:}18{:}44{.}187 \dashrightarrow 00{:}18{:}45{.}412$  targeted biopsies at that area.
- NOTE Confidence: 0.819163575714286
- $00:18:46.890 \longrightarrow 00:18:52.126$  And so once a biopsy is done,
- NOTE Confidence: 0.819163575714286
- $00:18:52.130 \longrightarrow 00:18:54.566$  and it's sent to the pathologist,
- NOTE Confidence: 0.819163575714286
- $00:18:54.570 \rightarrow 00:18:57.706$  the pathologist can say it's prostate cancer,
- NOTE Confidence: 0.819163575714286
- $00:18:57.710 \longrightarrow 00:19:00.266$  but for many men that prostate
- NOTE Confidence: 0.819163575714286
- $00:19:00.266 \rightarrow 00:19:02.830$  cancer is different from other men.
- NOTE Confidence: 0.819163575714286
- $00:19:02.830 \rightarrow 00:19:06.006$  In other words, it's not all the same.
- NOTE Confidence: 0.819163575714286
- 00:19:06.010 --> 00:19:08.230 Some men, based on their prostate
- NOTE Confidence: 0.819163575714286
- 00:19:08.230 --> 00:19:10.698 cancer biopsy, will be given a score
- NOTE Confidence: 0.819163575714286
- $00:19:10.698 \longrightarrow 00:19:13.028$  and they're told,
- NOTE Confidence: 0.819163575714286
- $00{:}19{:}13.028 \dashrightarrow 00{:}19{:}17.909$  we can watch this and monitor you.
- NOTE Confidence: 0.819163575714286

 $00:19:17.910 \longrightarrow 00:19:20.610$  Other men are given a biopsy,

NOTE Confidence: 0.819163575714286

00:19:20.610 --> 00:19:23.090 it's still called prostate cancer,

NOTE Confidence: 0.819163575714286

 $00:19:23.090 \longrightarrow 00:19:24.830$  but they're told that they

NOTE Confidence: 0.819163575714286

 $00:19:24.830 \rightarrow 00:19:26.222$  need more aggressive treatment.

NOTE Confidence: 0.819163575714286

 $00:19:26.230 \longrightarrow 00:19:27.322$  So what gives?

NOTE Confidence: 0.819163575714286

 $00{:}19{:}27{.}322 \dashrightarrow 00{:}19{:}29{.}506$  How are you making this distinction?

NOTE Confidence: 0.819163575714286

 $00:19:29.510 \longrightarrow 00:19:31.766$  Tell us more about the scoring of prostate

NOTE Confidence: 0.819163575714286

 $00:19:31.766 \rightarrow 00:19:33.880$  cancer and how that affects management.

NOTE Confidence: 0.91122504944444

00:19:35.000 --> 00:19:36.828 Yeah, you're absolutely right.

NOTE Confidence: 0.91122504944444

 $00:19:36.828 \rightarrow 00:19:40.635$  So we actually have a 5 point scale

NOTE Confidence: 0.91122504944444

00:19:40.635 - 00:19:43.557 on which we grade prostate cancer.

NOTE Confidence: 0.91122504944444

 $00{:}19{:}43.560 \dashrightarrow 00{:}19{:}47.550$  That is the role of the pathologist

NOTE Confidence: 0.911225049444444

 $00{:}19{:}47.550 \dashrightarrow 00{:}19{:}50.897$  and having expert pathology helped

NOTE Confidence: 0.91122504944444

 $00:19:50.897 \rightarrow 00:19:54.796$  tremendously to be able to evaluate those.

NOTE Confidence: 0.911225049444444

 $00:19:54.800 \longrightarrow 00:19:55.715$  Like you mentioned,

NOTE Confidence: 0.91122504944444

 $00:19:55.715 \longrightarrow 00:19:57.545$  those pieces of tissue from the

00:19:57.545 --> 00:19:59.196 prostate go to a special Doctor

NOTE Confidence: 0.91122504944444

 $00{:}19{:}59{.}196 \dashrightarrow 00{:}20{:}00{.}823$  who processes them and looks at

NOTE Confidence: 0.91122504944444

 $00:20:00.823 \rightarrow 00:20:02.497$  them under a microscope and they

NOTE Confidence: 0.91122504944444

 $00:20:02.497 \rightarrow 00:20:04.132$  have a standardized grading scale.

NOTE Confidence: 0.911225049444444

 $00:20:04.132 \longrightarrow 00:20:06.904$  And based on that grade that is

NOTE Confidence: 0.91122504944444

 $00:20:06.904 \rightarrow 00:20:09.807$  the primary driver for most of

NOTE Confidence: 0.91122504944444

 $00{:}20{:}09{.}807 \dashrightarrow 00{:}20{:}11.743$  our treatment decisions about

NOTE Confidence: 0.91122504944444

 $00:20:11.743 \longrightarrow 00:20:14.367$  what to do for prostate cancer.

NOTE Confidence: 0.91122504944444

00:20:14.370 --> 00:20:17.676 We also now use genomic testing.

NOTE Confidence: 0.91122504944444

 $00{:}20{:}17.680 \dashrightarrow 00{:}20{:}19.458$  So this is different than what we

NOTE Confidence: 0.91122504944444

 $00:20:19.458 \rightarrow 00:20:21.198$  were talking about before with testing

NOTE Confidence: 0.91122504944444

 $00:20:21.200 \rightarrow 00:20:23.078$  someone's genetics and if they have

NOTE Confidence: 0.91122504944444

 $00{:}20{:}23.078 \dashrightarrow 00{:}20{:}25.141$  a sort of mutation that's being

NOTE Confidence: 0.91122504944444

00:20:25.141 - > 00:20:27.006 passed down from family members,

NOTE Confidence: 0.91122504944444

 $00:20:27.010 \rightarrow 00:20:28.910$  the genomic analysis is actually

 $00:20:28.910 \rightarrow 00:20:30.810$  taking the prostate cancer cells

NOTE Confidence: 0.91122504944444

 $00{:}20{:}30.877 \dashrightarrow 00{:}20{:}32.845$  and doing analysis on those cancer

NOTE Confidence: 0.91122504944444

 $00:20:32.845 \rightarrow 00:20:34.919$  cells to determine if this cancer,

NOTE Confidence: 0.91122504944444

 $00:20:34.920 \rightarrow 00:20:38.455$  if it's more or less aggressive and I've

NOTE Confidence: 0.91122504944444

 $00{:}20{:}38.455 \dashrightarrow 00{:}20{:}41.755$  been using those tests for over 5

NOTE Confidence: 0.91122504944444

 $00{:}20{:}41.755 \dashrightarrow 00{:}20{:}45.410$  years now and find them very helpful in NOTE Confidence: 0.91122504944444

 $00:20:45.410 \longrightarrow 00:20:47.140$  discussing with patients what their

NOTE Confidence: 0.91122504944444

 $00:20:47.140 \rightarrow 00:20:49.598$  risk may be and helping them determine

NOTE Confidence: 0.91122504944444

00:20:49.598 --> 00:20:51.922 if treatment is indicated and if so,

NOTE Confidence: 0.91122504944444

 $00:20:51.930 \rightarrow 00:20:54.186$  what are their best treatment options.

NOTE Confidence: 0.857917315

 $00{:}20{:}55{.}600 \dashrightarrow 00{:}20{:}59{.}933$  And so is there a particular cutoff

NOTE Confidence: 0.857917315

 $00:20:59.933 \rightarrow 00:21:02.754$  on that five point grading scale that

NOTE Confidence: 0.857917315

 $00{:}21{:}02{.}754 \dashrightarrow 00{:}21{:}05{.}562$  will tip your into one category versus NOTE Confidence: 0.857917315

00:21:05.562 --> 00:21:07.980 another in terms of how aggressive

NOTE Confidence: 0.857917315

 $00:21:08.048 \rightarrow 00:21:10.370$  you're going to be with management?

NOTE Confidence: 0.857917315

00:21:10.370 --> 00:21:12.986 Similarly on on the genomic tests,

- NOTE Confidence: 0.857917315
- 00:21:12.990 --> 00:21:15.166 is this something that's a
- NOTE Confidence: 0.857917315
- $00{:}21{:}15.166 \dashrightarrow 00{:}21{:}17.311$  little bit more amorphous, talk to your
- NOTE Confidence: 0.857917315
- $00:21:17.311 \rightarrow 00:21:19.838$  doctor and kind of figure it out together.
- NOTE Confidence: 0.790307951111111
- $00:21:20.070 \longrightarrow 00:21:22.140$  Yeah, so I can definitely tell
- NOTE Confidence: 0.932712785
- 00:21:22.150 --> 00:21:25.036 you how I approach it but
- NOTE Confidence: 0.932712785
- $00:21:25.040 \longrightarrow 00:21:28.392$  I would say that this is a very
- NOTE Confidence: 0.932712785
- $00:21:28.392 \rightarrow 00:21:30.070$  personalized discussion with your
- NOTE Confidence: 0.932712785
- 00:21:30.070 --> 00:21:32.078 urologist or your radiation
- NOTE Confidence: 0.932712785
- $00{:}21{:}32.078 \dashrightarrow 00{:}21{:}34.588$  on cologist or your doctor.
- NOTE Confidence: 0.932712785
- 00:21:34.590 --> 00:21:36.003 But in general,
- NOTE Confidence: 0.932712785
- $00:21:36.003 \rightarrow 00:21:39.262$  grade one is considered low grade and
- NOTE Confidence: 0.932712785
- $00{:}21{:}39{.}262 \dashrightarrow 00{:}21{:}41{.}854$  almost universally all of the guidelines
- NOTE Confidence: 0.932712785
- $00{:}21{:}41.854 \dashrightarrow 00{:}21{:}44.323$  around the world recommend active
- NOTE Confidence: 0.932712785
- $00{:}21{:}44{.}323 \dashrightarrow 00{:}21{:}47{.}058$  surveillance or a deferred treatment,
- NOTE Confidence: 0.932712785
- 00:21:47.060 --> 00:21:49.250 meaning the treatment is not
- NOTE Confidence: 0.932712785

00:21:49.250 --> 00:21:51.210 needed right away. Grade 2,

NOTE Confidence: 0.932712785

 $00{:}21{:}51{.}210 \dashrightarrow 00{:}21{:}53{.}770$  some of those men can be on surveillance,

NOTE Confidence: 0.932712785

 $00:21:53.770 \longrightarrow 00:21:55.402$  some of them should

NOTE Confidence: 0.932712785

00:21:55.402 --> 00:21:56.626 probably consider treatment,

NOTE Confidence: 0.932712785

 $00{:}21{:}56{.}630 \dashrightarrow 00{:}21{:}58{.}315$  and that's where the genomic

NOTE Confidence: 0.932712785

00:21:58.315 -> 00:22:00.629 testing in my practice comes in

NOTE Confidence: 0.932712785

 $00:22:00.630 \rightarrow 00:22:02.670$  handy because it helps us identify

NOTE Confidence: 0.932712785

 $00:22:02.670 \longrightarrow 00:22:05.516$  which of those grade two is considered

NOTE Confidence: 0.932712785

00:22:05.516 --> 00:22:06.938 favorable intermediate risk,

NOTE Confidence: 0.932712785

 $00{:}22{:}06{.}940 \dashrightarrow 00{:}22{:}09{.}474$  which of those patients we can continue

NOTE Confidence: 0.932712785

 $00{:}22{:}09{.}474 \dashrightarrow 00{:}22{:}11{.}775$  to observe versus which of them we

NOTE Confidence: 0.932712785

 $00{:}22{:}11.775 \dashrightarrow 00{:}22{:}13.350$  think their cancer will progress

NOTE Confidence: 0.932712785

 $00:22:13.350 \longrightarrow 00:22:15.300$  and we should treat them early.

NOTE Confidence: 0.932712785

 $00:22:15.300 \longrightarrow 00:22:17.658$  And then grade 3-4 and five,

NOTE Confidence: 0.932712785

 $00{:}22{:}17.660 \dashrightarrow 00{:}22{:}20.205$  those are our unfavorable intermediate

NOTE Confidence: 0.932712785

 $00:22:20.205 \rightarrow 00:22:22.750$  and higher risk prostate cancers.

 $00:22:22.750 \rightarrow 00:22:25.274$  Those typically require treatment

NOTE Confidence: 0.932712785

 $00:22:25.274 \longrightarrow 00:22:27.167$  with rare exception.

NOTE Confidence: 0.906405042

 $00{:}22{:}27.860 \dashrightarrow 00{:}22{:}29.528$  And so let's talk a little

NOTE Confidence: 0.906405042

 $00{:}22{:}29{.}528 \dashrightarrow 00{:}22{:}30{.}640$  bit more about treatment.

NOTE Confidence: 0.906405042

00:22:30.640 --> 00:22:33.136 I mean you had mentioned before

NOTE Confidence: 0.906405042

 $00{:}22{:}33{.}136 \dashrightarrow 00{:}22{:}35{.}299$  the break that historically some

NOTE Confidence: 0.906405042

 $00{:}22{:}35{.}299 \dashrightarrow 00{:}22{:}37{.}414$  of the treatments are associated

NOTE Confidence: 0.906405042

 $00{:}22{:}37{.}414 \dashrightarrow 00{:}22{:}40{.}451$  with side effects that need to be

NOTE Confidence: 0.906405042

00:22:40.451 --> 00:22:42.143 considered when you're thinking

NOTE Confidence: 0.906405042

 $00{:}22{:}42.143 \dashrightarrow 00{:}22{:}44.540$  about the risks and benefits

NOTE Confidence: 0.906405042

 $00:22:44.540 \longrightarrow 00:22:46.510$  of the rapy for prostate cancer.

NOTE Confidence: 0.906405042

 $00{:}22{:}46{.}510 \dashrightarrow 00{:}22{:}48{.}100$  And you also mentioned

NOTE Confidence: 0.906405042

 $00:22:48.100 \longrightarrow 00:22:50.180$  that now there are more novel

NOTE Confidence: 0.906405042

 $00:22:50.180 \longrightarrow 00:22:52.990$  therapies that are coming out

NOTE Confidence: 0.906405042

 $00{:}22{:}52{.}990 \dashrightarrow 00{:}22{:}54{.}830$  that have fewer side effects.

00:22:54.830 --> 00:22:58.006 So can you kind of walk us through

NOTE Confidence: 0.906405042

 $00{:}22{:}58.006 \dashrightarrow 00{:}23{:}00{.}187$  the potpourri of treatment

NOTE Confidence: 0.906405042

00:23:00.187 --> 00:23:02.357 options that men who have

NOTE Confidence: 0.906405042

 $00:23:02.360 \rightarrow 00:23:04.550$  prostate cancer might think about?

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

00:23:05.610 --> 00:23:07.946 Sure. I will give you a very abridged

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00{:}23{:}07{.}946 \dashrightarrow 00{:}23{:}10{.}169$  version because this can be

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

00:23:10.169 - 00:23:12.034 a very in-depth discussion. But yes,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00:23:12.034 \rightarrow 00:23:14.848$  I think as I mentioned at the beginning,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

00:23:14.850 --> 00:23:17.826 your prostate cancer is a disease

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00:23:17.826 \rightarrow 00:23:19.810$  that grows relatively slowly.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00{:}23{:}19{.}810 \dashrightarrow 00{:}23{:}22{.}146$  Most of the time we are treating men

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00{:}23{:}22{.}146 \dashrightarrow 00{:}23{:}24{.}317$  for prostate cancer not because we are

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00{:}23{:}24{.}317 \dashrightarrow 00{:}23{:}27{.}203$  worried in most cases, and this is primarily

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00:23:27.203 \rightarrow 00:23:29.368$  talking about localized prostate cancer.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

00:23:29.370 --> 00:23:31.610 So not high risk aggressive

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00:23:31.610 \longrightarrow 00:23:33.850$  metastatic prostate cancer but for

- NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245
- $00:23:33.928 \rightarrow 00:23:36.458$  men with localized prostate cancer
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245
- $00:23:36.460 \rightarrow 00:23:38.896$  we are typically doing our treatments
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245
- $00:23:38.896 \longrightarrow 00:23:41.190$  to see a survival benefit
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245
- $00:23:41.190 \rightarrow 00:23:42.351$  beyond ten years,
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245
- $00:23:42.351 \rightarrow 00:23:45.060$  so most men will live 10 years.
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245
- $00{:}23{:}45.060 \dashrightarrow 00{:}23{:}46.968$  So we're again talking about treating
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245
- $00:23:46.968 \longrightarrow 00:23:49.042$  those younger men or older men that
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245
- $00{:}23{:}49{.}042 \dashrightarrow 00{:}23{:}51{.}497$  are healthy and have at least a 10
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245
- $00:23:51.497 \rightarrow 00:23:53.302$  year life expectancy because the
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245
- $00:23:53.302 \rightarrow 00:23:55.160$  survival benefit really materializes
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245
- $00:23:55.160 \longrightarrow 00:23:56.330$  10,15, 20 years in the future.
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245
- $00:23:56.330 \rightarrow 00:23:58.206$  It's not something that happens right away,
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245
- $00{:}23{:}58{.}210 \dashrightarrow 00{:}24{:}00{.}626$  but because of that it is very important
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245
- $00{:}24{:}00{.}626 \dashrightarrow 00{:}24{:}02{.}865$  to consider what the side effects of
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245
- $00:24:02.865 \rightarrow 00:24:04.839$  these treatments are and what the
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00:24:04.839 \longrightarrow 00:24:06.897$  impact of these treatments on someone's

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00{:}24{:}06{.}897 \dashrightarrow 00{:}24{:}08{.}902$  quality of life is going to be,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00:24:08.902 \longrightarrow 00:24:10.117$  because it is something that

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00:24:10.117 \longrightarrow 00:24:11.600$  they will be living with for

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00{:}24{:}11.600 \dashrightarrow 00{:}24{:}13.748$  that extended duration of time that

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00{:}24{:}13.748 \dashrightarrow 00{:}24{:}16.618$  we are trying to achieve by doing

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00{:}24{:}16.618 \dashrightarrow 00{:}24{:}18.898$  treatment for their prostate cancer.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00:24:18.900 \rightarrow 00:24:22.071$  So our gold standard therapies are surgery

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00{:}24{:}22.071 \dashrightarrow 00{:}24{:}25.698$  to remove the prostate, radiation the rapy

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

00:24:25.700 - 00:24:29.028 to really treat the cancer where it is,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00:24:29.030 \longrightarrow 00:24:31.190$  a non-surgical therapy

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00:24:31.190 \longrightarrow 00:24:33.350$  and as you mentioned,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00{:}24{:}33{.}350 \dashrightarrow 00{:}24{:}37{.}389$  we have these newer treatments or ablation

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00:24:37.389 \rightarrow 00:24:41.488$  therapies where we use energy of some sort,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00{:}24{:}41{.}490 \dashrightarrow 00{:}24{:}42{.}408$  could be heat,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00:24:42.408 \longrightarrow 00:24:43.326$  could be cold,

- NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245
- $00:24:43.330 \rightarrow 00:24:48.146$  could be electricity to try to destroy
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245
- $00:24:48.146 \longrightarrow 00:24:50.954$  the prostate tissue within the prostate.
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245
- $00{:}24{:}50{.}960 \dashrightarrow 00{:}24{:}53{.}228$  So we leave the prostate in place and we
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245
- $00{:}24{:}53{.}228 \dashrightarrow 00{:}24{:}55{.}719$  can then destroy the prostate tissue that.
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245
- $00{:}24{:}55{.}720 \dashrightarrow 00{:}24{:}58{.}042$  With the revolution in
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245
- $00{:}24{:}58.042 \dashrightarrow 00{:}25{:}00{.}150$  MRI imaging and targeted biopsy,
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245
- $00{:}25{:}00{.}150 \dashrightarrow 00{:}25{:}03{.}713$  we now along with this have much
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245
- $00:25:03.713 \longrightarrow 00:25:05.835$  better information anatomically about
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245
- $00:25:05.835 \longrightarrow 00:25:08.370$  where prostate cancers
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245
- $00:25:08.370 \longrightarrow 00:25:10.606$  are located if they're located in
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245
- $00:25:10.606 \rightarrow 00:25:12.430$  just one part of the prostate,
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245
- $00{:}25{:}12{.}430 \dashrightarrow 00{:}25{:}14{.}326$  in multiple parts of the prostate.
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245
- $00{:}25{:}14.330 \dashrightarrow 00{:}25{:}16.794$  And we can then tailor our treatment
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245
- $00{:}25{:}16.794 \dashrightarrow 00{:}25{:}18.625$  using these ablation the rapies to
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245
- $00{:}25{:}18.625 \dashrightarrow 00{:}25{:}21.089$  potentially be just one part of the
- NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00:25:21.089 \rightarrow 00:25:23.930$  prostate or even the whole.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00{:}25{:}26.042 \dashrightarrow 00{:}25{:}30.266$  The reason that these ablation the rapies are

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00:25:30.270 \longrightarrow 00:25:32.986$  preferred in some cases is that they

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00:25:32.986 \rightarrow 00:25:35.726$  are not associated with many of the

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00{:}25{:}35{.}726$  -->  $00{:}25{:}37{.}970$  common side effects or definitely at

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00{:}25{:}38{.}048 \dashrightarrow 00{:}25{:}40{.}390$  much lower levels than are that we NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00:25:40.390 \longrightarrow 00:25:41.815$  see with our traditional treatments

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

00:25:41.815 -> 00:25:43.248 like surgery and radiation.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00{:}25{:}43.250 \dashrightarrow 00{:}25{:}47.090$  So much less urinary incontinence,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00{:}25{:}47.090 \dashrightarrow 00{:}25{:}50.320$  much better preservation of erections

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00{:}25{:}50{.}320 \dashrightarrow 00{:}25{:}53{.}550$  and sexual function after treatment,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

00:25:53.550 --> 00:25:57.030 many fewer episodes of toxicity

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00:25:57.030 \longrightarrow 00:25:59.894$  or long term toxicities.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00:25:59.894 \longrightarrow 00:26:02.980$  So I think it's a really great

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

00:26:02.980 --> 00:26:04.548 new area of exploration.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00:26:04.548 \longrightarrow 00:26:08.560$  I do have to put the caveat in that

- NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245
- $00:26:08.560 \longrightarrow 00:26:11.175$  these are relatively new technologies

 $00{:}26{:}11.175 \dashrightarrow 00{:}26{:}14.089$  and our national organizations do

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00:26:14.089 \longrightarrow 00:26:17.054$  recommend that these procedures be

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00:26:17.054 \rightarrow 00:26:21.194$  done as part of a registry or a trial.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

00:26:21.200 --> 00:26:21.512 Fortunately,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00{:}26{:}21{.}512 \dashrightarrow 00{:}26{:}23{.}384$  we have several trials that are

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00:26:23.384 \rightarrow 00:26:25.040$  open as well as registry.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00:26:25.040 \rightarrow 00:26:26.990$  So we have many of these treatments

NOTE Confidence: 0.8547922245

 $00:26:26.990 \longrightarrow 00:26:28.630$  available for our patients here.

NOTE Confidence: 0.800324835714286

 $00:26:29.930 \longrightarrow 00:26:35.446$  It sounds like

NOTE Confidence: 0.800324835714286

 $00:26:35.450 \longrightarrow 00:26:38.290$  these new therapies have

NOTE Confidence: 0.800324835714286

 $00:26:38.290 \rightarrow 00:26:40.562$  significantly lower side effects.

NOTE Confidence: 0.800324835714286

 $00{:}26{:}40{.}570 \dashrightarrow 00{:}26{:}44{.}084$  Do we have data to suggest that

NOTE Confidence: 0.800324835714286

 $00:26:44.084 \longrightarrow 00:26:46.868$  they are equivalent in terms of

NOTE Confidence: 0.800324835714286

00:26:46.870 --> 00:26:49.930 outcomes to our traditional surgery,

 $00:26:49.930 \rightarrow 00:26:50.812$  radiation therapy,

NOTE Confidence: 0.800324835714286

 $00:26:50.812 \longrightarrow 00:26:54.340$  et cetera or is that really why these

NOTE Confidence: 0.800324835714286

 $00:26:54.424 \rightarrow 00:26:57.512$  need to be done in a registry study

NOTE Confidence: 0.800324835714286

 $00:26:57.512 \rightarrow 00:27:00.100$  because those data are still lacking?

NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236

 $00:27:00.890 \longrightarrow 00:27:01.434$  That's correct.

NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236

 $00{:}27{:}01{.}434 \dashrightarrow 00{:}27{:}03{.}462$  And so our short term,

NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236

 $00{:}27{:}03.462 \dashrightarrow 00{:}27{:}05.280$  we have short term follow-up data.

NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236

 $00:27:05.280 \rightarrow 00:27:07.968$  We are following these patients very closely.

NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236

 $00{:}27{:}07{.}970 \dashrightarrow 00{:}27{:}11{.}106$  So typically we are doing repeat biopsies

NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236

 $00{:}27{:}11.106 \dashrightarrow 00{:}27{:}14.048$  after treatment to evaluate for complete

NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236

 $00{:}27{:}14.048 \dashrightarrow 00{:}27{:}17.084$  treatment success and in those studies

NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236

 $00:27:17.090 \rightarrow 00:27:21.234$  there are small numbers of persistent cancer,

NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236

 $00:27:21.240 \longrightarrow 00:27:23.280$  but we can then retreat them.

NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236

 $00:27:23.280 \longrightarrow 00:27:25.809$  And so it is a trade off with an

NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236

 $00:27:25.809 \rightarrow 00:27:28.764$  improved quality of life and a very high

NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236

 $00:27:28.764 \rightarrow 00:27:30.979$  likelihood of complete cancer control.

- NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236
- 00:27:30.980 --> 00:27:33.508 But it is a higher risk of
- NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236
- $00:27:33.508 \rightarrow 00:27:34.932$  needing additional therapy within
- NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236
- $00:27:34.932 \longrightarrow 00:27:37.104$  a couple years than you would
- NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236
- $00:27:37.104 \rightarrow 00:27:39.280$  have after surgery or radiation.
- NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236
- 00:27:39.280 --> 00:27:41.500 But interestingly, if we look
- NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236
- 00:27:41.500 --> 00:27:43.276 at longer term studies,
- NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236
- $00:27:43.280 \rightarrow 00:27:44.978$  there are some studies in Europe
- NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236
- $00:27:44.978 \longrightarrow 00:27:46.668$  that have been done now with
- NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236
- $00{:}27{:}46.668 \dashrightarrow 00{:}27{:}48.174$  about 10 years of follow up.
- NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236
- $00{:}27{:}48.180 \dashrightarrow 00{:}27{:}50.238$  And instead of looking at a
- NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236
- 00:27:50.238 --> 00:27:52.110 biopsy a couple years later,
- NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236
- $00{:}27{:}52{.}110 \dashrightarrow 00{:}27{:}54{.}931$  they looked at what is the likelihood
- NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236
- 00:27:54.931 --> 00:27:57.469 of requiring a salvage therapy,
- NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236
- 00:27:57.470 --> 00:28:02.150 so a more significant therapy to treat
- NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236
- $00{:}28{:}02{.}150 \dashrightarrow 00{:}28{:}04{.}650$  recurrent or residual prostate cancer.
- NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236

 $00:28:04.650 \longrightarrow 00:28:06.576$  And in those studies there was

NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236

 $00:28:06.576 \longrightarrow 00:28:07.860$  not a significant difference

NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236

00:28:07.923 --> 00:28:09.448 between men who had surgery,

NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236

 $00:28:09.450 \longrightarrow 00:28:11.136$  men who had radiation or men

NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236

 $00{:}28{:}11{.}136 \dashrightarrow 00{:}28{:}12{.}910$  who had these focal the rapies.

NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236

 $00:28:12.910 \rightarrow 00:28:15.490$  So that's definitely preliminary data.

NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236

 $00{:}28{:}15{.}490 \dashrightarrow 00{:}28{:}17{.}092$  This is an area that we

NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236

 $00:28:17.092 \rightarrow 00:28:18.160$  are learning more about.

NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236

00:28:18.160 --> 00:28:20.576 But I think it's safe to say that

NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236

 $00{:}28{:}20.576 \dashrightarrow 00{:}28{:}22.016$  ablation the rapies are not going

NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236

 $00{:}28{:}22.016 \dashrightarrow 00{:}28{:}23.808$  to be as effective as a single

NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236

 $00{:}28{:}23.869 \dashrightarrow 00{:}28{:}25.849$  treatment as radiation or surgery,

NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236

 $00:28:25.850 \rightarrow 00:28:29.280$  but they can be repeated and they

NOTE Confidence: 0.625888236

00:28:29.280 --> 00:28:32.930 have a much lower risk profile.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8817152166666667

 $00:28:33.620 \longrightarrow 00:28:35.495$  Doctor Preston Sprenkle is an

NOTE Confidence: 0.8817152166666667

00:28:35.495 --> 00:28:36.995 associate professor of urology

 $00{:}28{:}36{.}995 \dashrightarrow 00{:}28{:}39{.}097$  at the Yale School of Medicine.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8817152166666667

 $00:28:39.100 \longrightarrow 00:28:41.108$  If you have questions,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8817152166666667

 $00:28:41.108 \rightarrow 00:28:43.069$  the address is canceranswers@yale.edu,

NOTE Confidence: 0.8817152166666667

 $00{:}28{:}43.069 \dashrightarrow 00{:}28{:}45.763$  and past editions of the program

NOTE Confidence: 0.8817152166666667

 $00{:}28{:}45.763 \dashrightarrow 00{:}28{:}48.104$  are available in audio and written

NOTE Confidence: 0.8817152166666667

 $00{:}28{:}48.104 \dashrightarrow 00{:}28{:}49.023$  form at yale cancercenter.org.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8817152166666667

00:28:49.023 --> 00:28:51.447 We hope you'll join us next week to

NOTE Confidence: 0.8817152166666667

 $00{:}28{:}51{.}447 \dashrightarrow 00{:}28{:}53{.}290$  learn more about the fight against

NOTE Confidence: 0.8817152166666667

 $00{:}28{:}53{.}290 \dashrightarrow 00{:}28{:}55{.}120$  cancer here on Connecticut Public Radio.

NOTE Confidence: 0.8817152166666667

 $00{:}28{:}55{.}120 \dashrightarrow 00{:}28{:}57{.}628$  Funding for Yale Cancer Answers is

NOTE Confidence: 0.8817152166666667

00:28:57.628 --> 00:29:00.000 provided by Smilow Cancer Hospital.